



Distributed Asynchronous Object Storage (DAOS) on Aurora

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DAOS on Aurora

- DAOS is a major file system in Aurora : 1024 DAOS Nodes, 230 PB, >25 TB/s
- Designed for massively Distributed Non Volatile Memory (NVM) and NVMe SSD
- Storage and retrieval of objects in a distributed, parallel, and Asynchronous manner.
- Open-source software-defined Object Store
- DAOS presents a unified storage model with a native Key-array Value storage interface – POSIX, MPIO, HDF5 etc
- Advanced data protection, self-healing, redundancy, versioning, distribution and fine-grained data control.



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Production ISC25 List

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Full

Historical

Ranking of production system submissions. This is a subset of the Full List of submissions, showing only one highest-scoring result per storage system. Submitters who want a submission that is currently on the Research List to be on the Production List should contact the IO500 Steering Committee.

# ↑	INFORMATION						IO500				REPRO.
	BOF	INSTITUTION	SYSTEM	STORAGE VENDOR	FILE SYSTEM TYPE	CLIENT NODES	TOTAL CLIENT PROC.	SCORE ↑	BW (GIB/S)	MD (KIOP/S)	
1	SC23	Argonne National Laboratory	Aurora	Intel	DAOS	300	62,400	32,165.90	10,066.09	102,785.41	✓
2	SC23	LRZ	SuperMUC-NG-Phase2-EC	Lenovo	DAOS	90	6,480	2,508.85	742.90	8,472.60	✓
3	ISC25	Erlangen National High Performance Computing Center	Helma	MEGWARE	Lustre	186	18,600	838.99	438.62	1,604.84	✓
4	ISC25	Samsung Electronics	SSC-24	WekaIO	WekaIO	291	16,005	826.86	248.67	2,749.41	✓
5	SC23	King Abdullah University of Science and Technology	Shaheen III	HPE	Lustre	2,080	16,640	797.04	709.52	895.35	✓
6	SC24	MSKCC	IRIS	WekaIO	WekaIO	261	27,144	665.49	252.54	1,753.69	✓
7	ISC23	EuroHPC-CINECA	Leonardo	DDN	EXAScaler	2,000	16,000	648.96	807.12	521.79	✓
8	SC24	SoftBank Corp	CHIE-3	DDN	EXAScaler	240	26,880	500.20	331.66	754.41	✓
9	ISC25	Joint Center for Advanced High Performance Computing	Miyabi-G	DDN	Lustre	200	1,600	391.60	319.00	480.72	✓
10	SC24	Danish Centre for AI innovation AS	GEFION	DDN	EXAScaler	128	12,288	368.56	209.06	649.73	✓
11	ISC25	Hudson River Trading	HRT	DDN	EXAScaler	10	1,600	348.08	136.05	890.51	✓

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Filesystems on Aurora

DAOS

daos_user 128 server cluster
daos_perf 128 server cluster

Nodes	Percentage	Throughput
20	2%	1 TB/s
128	12.50%	5 TB/s
600	60%	10 TB/s
800	78%	20 TB/s
1024	100%	30 TB/s

230 PB

Lustre

- Flare is a **91 PB** Lustre Filesystem with 160 OSTs, 40 MDTs, and 48 Gateway nodes mounted at /lus/flare/projects/ with a peak theoretical performance of **650 GB/s**.
You should launch jobs only from this Flare space.
- Home is a **12 PB** Gecko Lustre Filesystem with 32 OSTs and 12 MDTs.



Recent results from Hardware Accelerated Cosmology Code (HACC)

```
NUM_OF_NODES=512  TOTAL_NUM_RANKS=6144  RANKS_PER_NODE=12
                                RecordSize = 38
NpTotal = 646736283406 (646,736.2 million particles)
```

**HACC achieved Lustre peak theoretical max
600,000 MB/s**

**HACC achieved 5.2 TB/s with DAOS, which is close to the
IOR peak for the daos_user 128 server cluster
IOR Max Write: 5,723,194.84 MB/s**

Wrote 9 variables to
./**lustre**_out_712762.aurora-pbs-
0001.hostmgmt.cm.aurora.alcf.anl.gov_512/lus_pos_test_kaus_1_
(24575980196884 bytes) in 39.2264s:
597492 MB/s

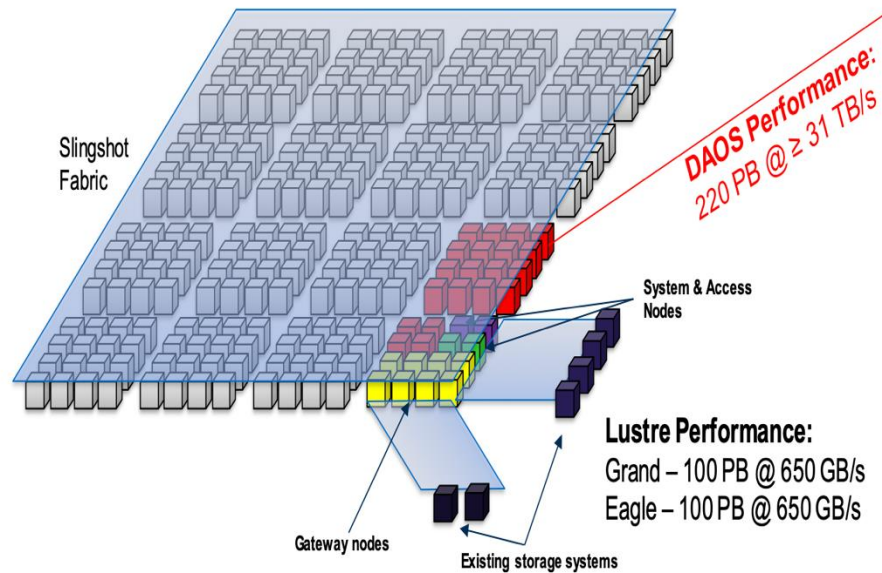
Wrote 9 variables to to
/tmp/datascience/1_fSX_dS1_rd_fac_0
/daos_pos_test_kaus_1_
(26560000168392 bytes) in
pure_io_time 4.81287s: **5262890 MB/s**

Lustre : 597,492 MB/s

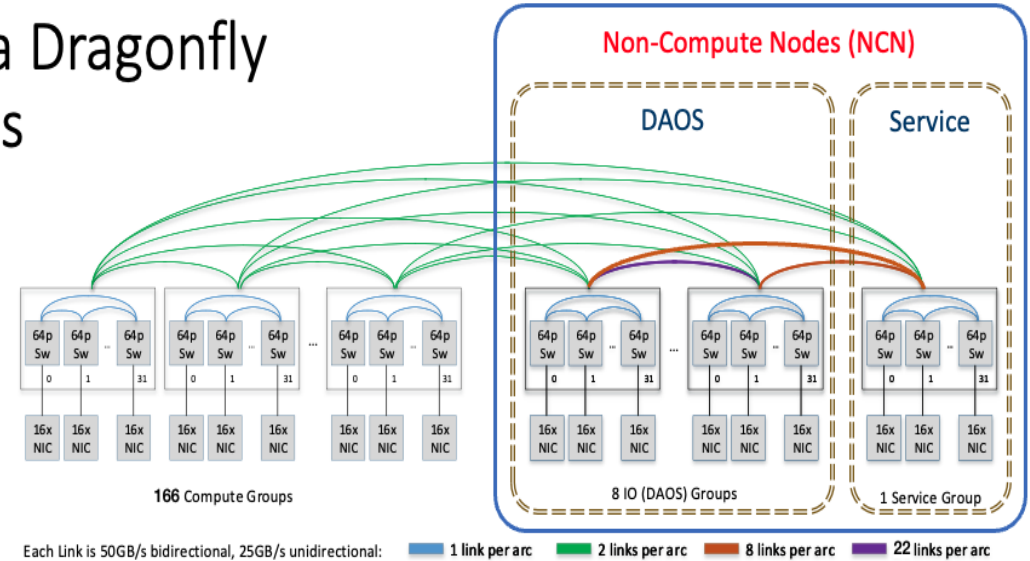
DAOS : 5,262,890 MB/s

TO BE EVENTUALLY INCREASED BY 8X FURTHER

Network Architecture – slingshot fabric - Dragonfly



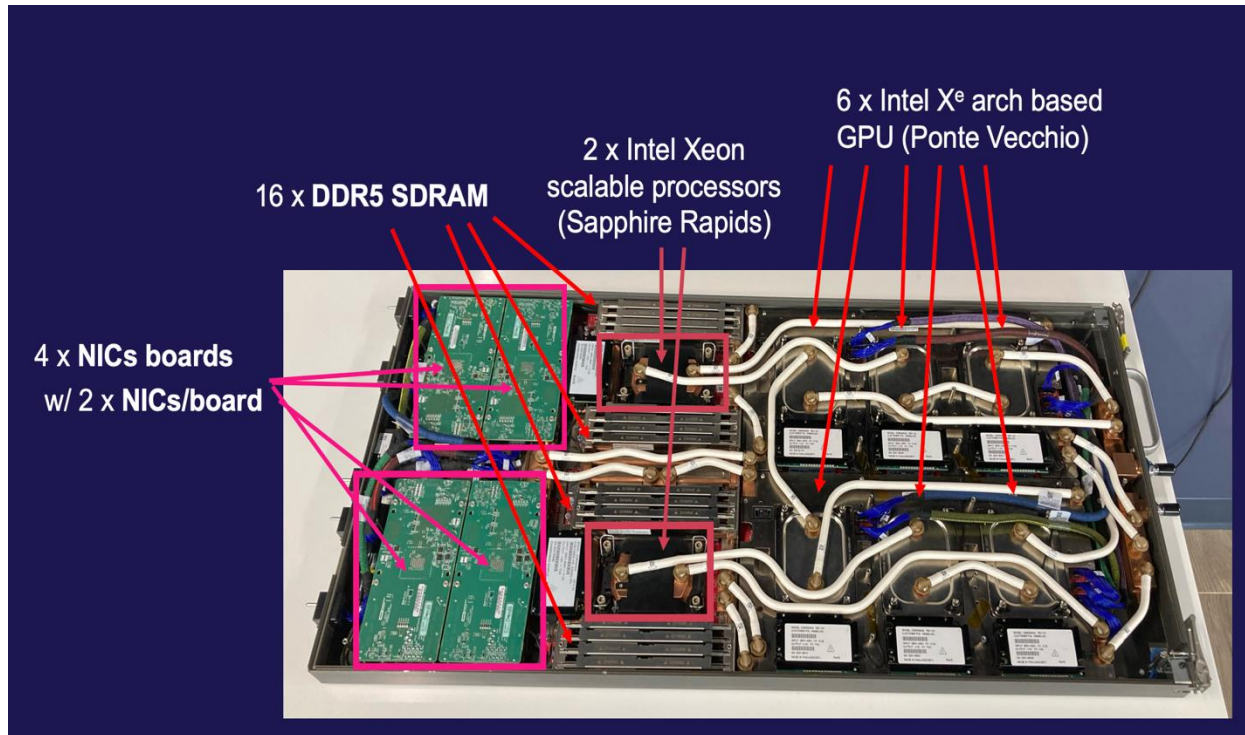
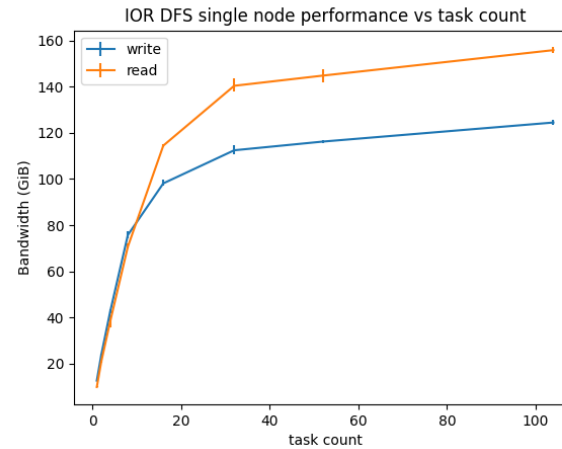
Aurora Dragonfly Groups



- 1-D Dragonfly Topology - 175 total groups (166 compute + 8 IO + 1 Service)
 - All the global links are optical, all the local links are electrical
 - 2 global links between any two compute groups
 - 22 links between any two IO groups, 8 links between the Service group and each IO group
- All NCN will be racked in HPE cabinets and under HPE System Management.
 - The DAOS cluster is 64 DAOS racks of 1024 DAOS nodes organized in 8 Dragonfly groups.
 - The Service cluster is a single Dragonfly group composed of 6 racks of I/O gateway nodes and 6 racks of HPE Cray front-end nodes (FENs).

A single Aurora compute node

8 NICs, 52 cores per socket, 2 sockets
 $25\text{GB/s} \times 8 \text{ NICs} = 200 \text{ GB/s}$



A single DAOS storage node

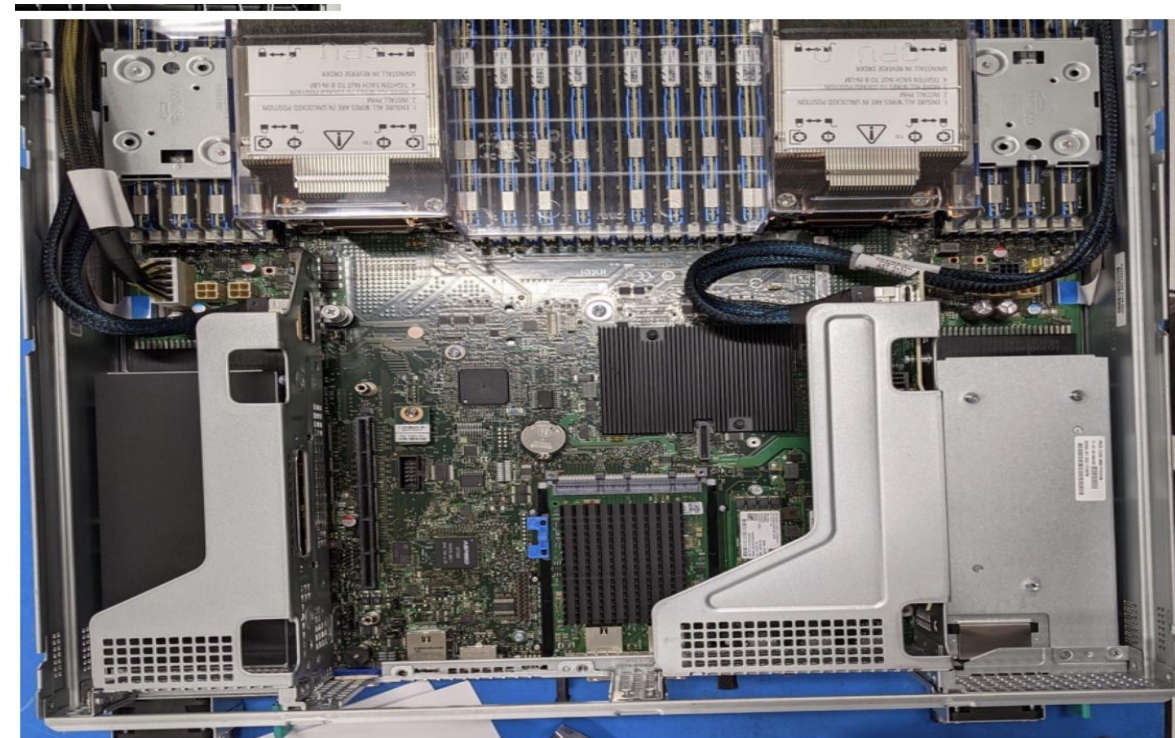
Intel Coyote Pass System - 1024 Total DAOS Servers

(2) Xeon 5320 CPU (Ice Lake) - Each node will run 2 DAOS engines
2048 DAOS engines

(16) 32GB DDR4 DIMMs

(16) 512GB Intel Optane Persistent Memory 200 and (16) 15.3TB
Samsung PM1733 - **32 targets**

(2) HPE Slingshot NICs (25 ~ 20) GB/s X 2 NICs = 40GB/s



Recommended NIC binding for 12 PPN

```
CPU_BINDING1=list:4:9:14:19:20:25:56:61:66:71:74:79
```

NIC 0	NIC 1	NIC 2	NIC 3	NIC 4	NIC 5	NIC 6	NIC 7
 0	1	2	3	52	53	54	55
4	5	6	7	56	57	58	59
8	9	10	11	60	61	62	63
12	13	14	15	64	65	66	67
16	17	18	19	68	69	70	71
20	21	22	23	72	73	74	75
24	25	26	27	76	77	78	79
28	29	30	31	80	81	82	83
32	33	34	35	84	85	86	87
36	37	38	39	88	89	90	91
40	41	42	43	92	93	94	95
44	45	46	47	96	97	98	99
48	49	50	51	100	101	102	103



DAOS Pool Allocation

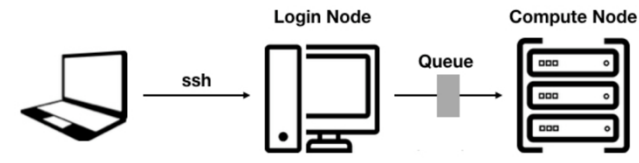
- DAOS Overview
- The first step in using DAOS is to get DAOS POOL space allocated for your project. Users should submit a request as noted below to have a DAOS pool created for your project.

DAOS pool is a physically allocated dedicated storage space for your project.

Email support@alcf.anl.gov to request a DAOS pool with the following information:

- Project Name
- ALCF User Names
- Total Space requested (typically 100 TBs++)
- Justification
- Preferred pool name





Job submission without DAOS

```
qsub -l select=1
     -l walltime=01:00:00
     -A alcf_training
     -k doe
     -l filesystems=flare
     -q alcf_training
     -I
```

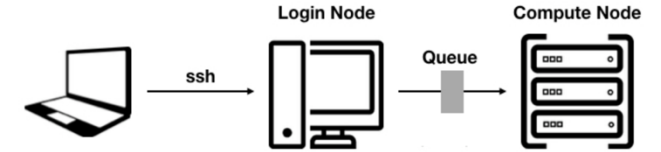
Job submission with DAOS

```
qsub -l select=1
     -l walltime=01:00:00
     -A alcf_training
     -k doe
     -l filesystems=flare:daos_user_fs
     -q alcf_training
     -I
```

```
mpiexec
-env LD_PRELOAD=/usr/lib64/libpil4dfs.so ....
-no-vni ...
```



Step 1/5 : Module load daos



```
$ module use /soft/modulefiles
$ module load daos
```



Optional Validation

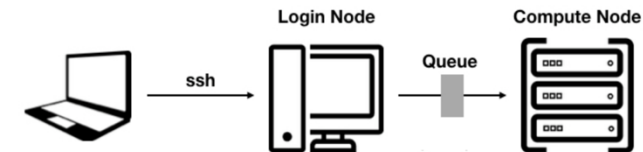
```
echo $DAOS_AGENT_DRPC_DIR
```

```
ps -ef | grep daos
```

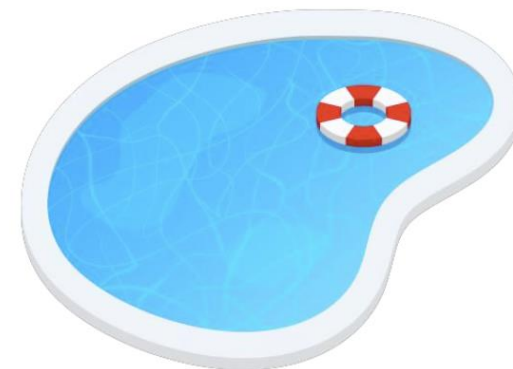
```
clush --hostfile ${PBS_NODEFILE} 'ps -ef | grep agent | grep -v grep' | dshbak -c
```



Step 2/5 : Verify your pool



```
kaushikvelusamy@aurora-uan-0010:/gecko/Aurora_deployment> daos pool query alcf_training
Pool 1d210bc7-309a-4d75-aea2-5913ff72eac9, ntarget=4064, disabled=0, leader=58, version=1, state=Ready
Pool health info:
- Rebuild idle, 0 objs, 0 recs
Pool space info:
- Target(VOS) count:4064
- Storage tier 0 (SCM):
  Total size: 15 TB
  Free: 14 TB, min:3.4 GB, max:3.5 GB, mean:3.5 GB
- Storage tier 1 (NVMe):
  Total size: 485 TB
  Free: 485 TB, min:119 GB, max:119 GB, mean:119 GB
```



`ntarget= 4064 / 32 targets per node = 127 daos cluster size or daos server size`

Physically allocated dedicated storage for your project.



Step 3/5 : Create your container

- DAOS_POOL_NAME=alcf_training
- DAOS_CONT_NAME=INCITE_LLM_AGPT

```
daos container create -type=POSIX ${DAOS_POOL_NAME} ${DAOS_CONT_NAME}
```

append optional

```
--chunk-size=2097152 --file-oclass=EC_16P2G32 --dir_oclass=RP3G1  
--properties=rd_fac:2,ec_cell_sz:131072,cksum:crc32,srv_cksum:on
```

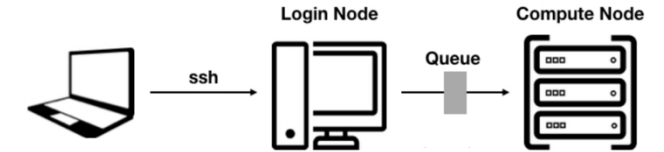
Container UUID : 59747044-016b-41be-bb2b-22693333a380

Container Label: INCITE_LLM_AGPT

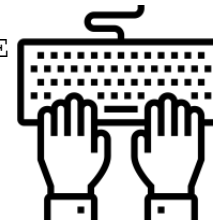
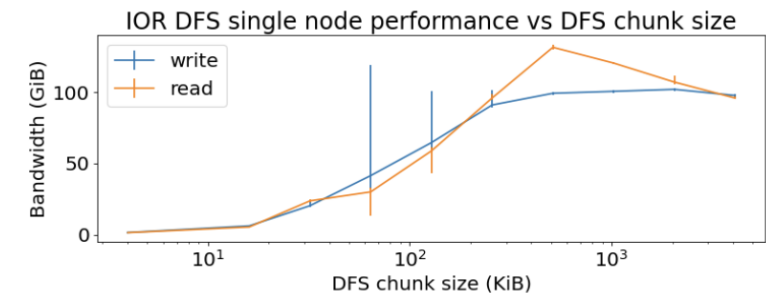
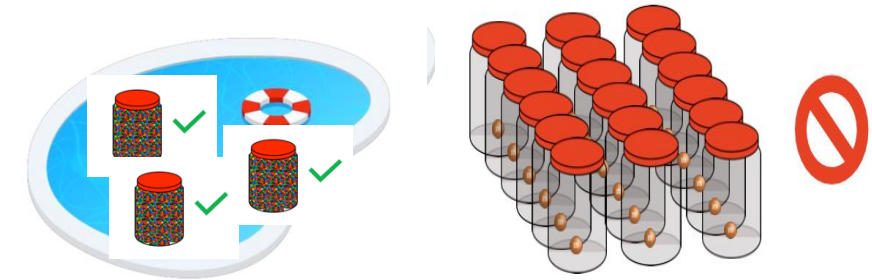
Container Type : POSIX

Successfully created container 59747044-016b-41be-bb2b-22693333a380

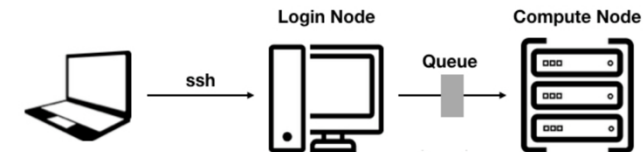
- daos pool list
- daos container query \$DAOS_POOL_NAME \$DAOS_CONT_NAME
- daos container get-prop \$DAOS_POOL_NAME \$DAOS_CONT_NAME
- daos container list \$DAOS_POOL_NAME \$DAOS_CONT_NAME
- daos pool autotest \$DAOS_POOL_NAME
- daos container destroy \$DAOS_POOL_NAME \$DAOS_CONT_NAME
- daos container check --pool=\$DAOS_POOL_NAME --cont=\$DAOS_CONT_NAME



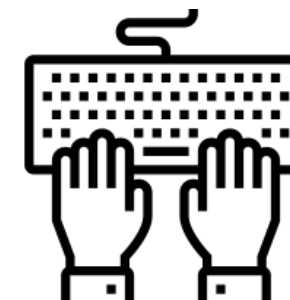
- A pool contains *thousands* of containers
- Basic unit of storage from user perspective



Step 4/5: Mounting your DAOS container



- launched using pdsh/clush on all **compute nodes** and mounted at: `ls /tmp/${DAOS_POOL}/${DAOS_CONT}`
- `launch-dfuse.sh ${DAOS_POOL}:${DAOS_CONT}` # To mount
- `clean-dfuse.sh ${DAOS_POOL}:${DAOS_CONT}` # Optional - To unmount



Validation

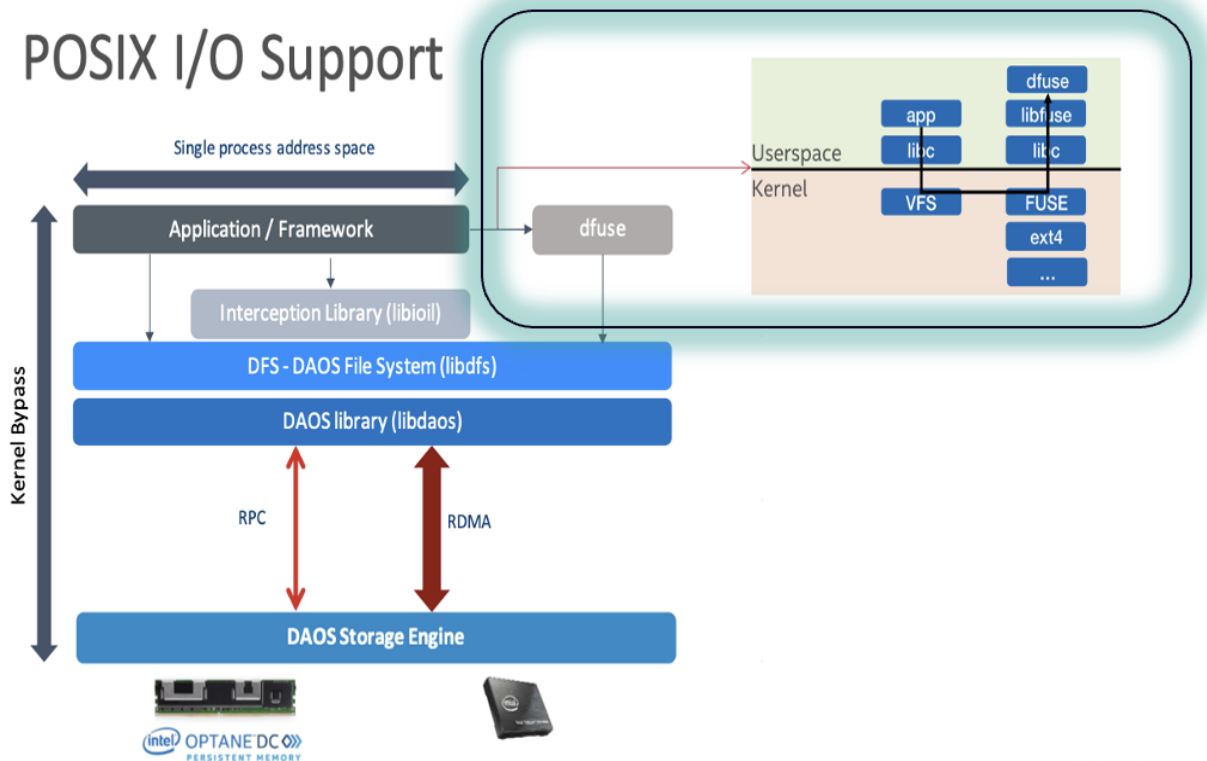
- `mount | grep dfuse`
- `ls /tmp/${DAOS_POOL}/${DAOS_CONT}/`

From login node

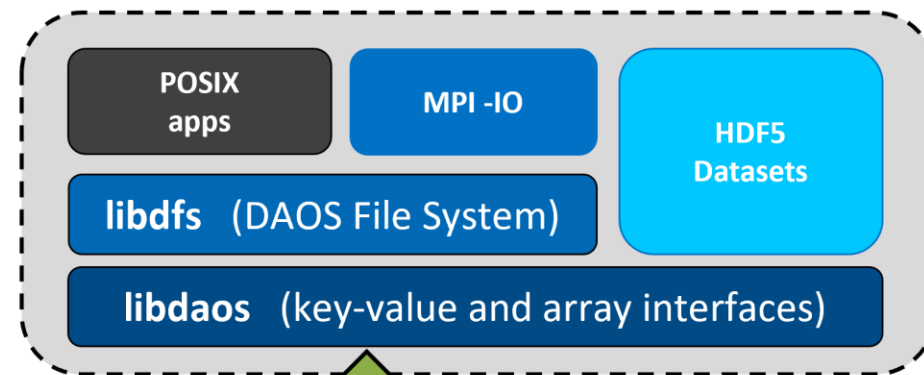
- `mkdir -p /tmp/${USER}/${DAOS_POOL}/${DAOS_CONT}`
- `start-dfuse.sh -m /tmp/${USER}/${DAOS_POOL}/${DAOS_CONT} --pool ${DAOS_POOL} --cont ${DAOS_CONT}`
- `fusermount3 -u /tmp/${USER}/${DAOS_POOL}/${DAOS_CONT}` # Mandatory



Step 5/5 : Interfaces & Interception library for POSIX mode and `-no-vni`



Compute Nodes



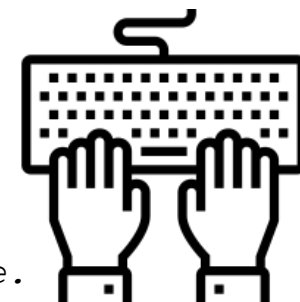
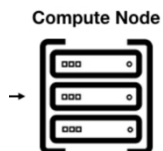
Storage Nodes



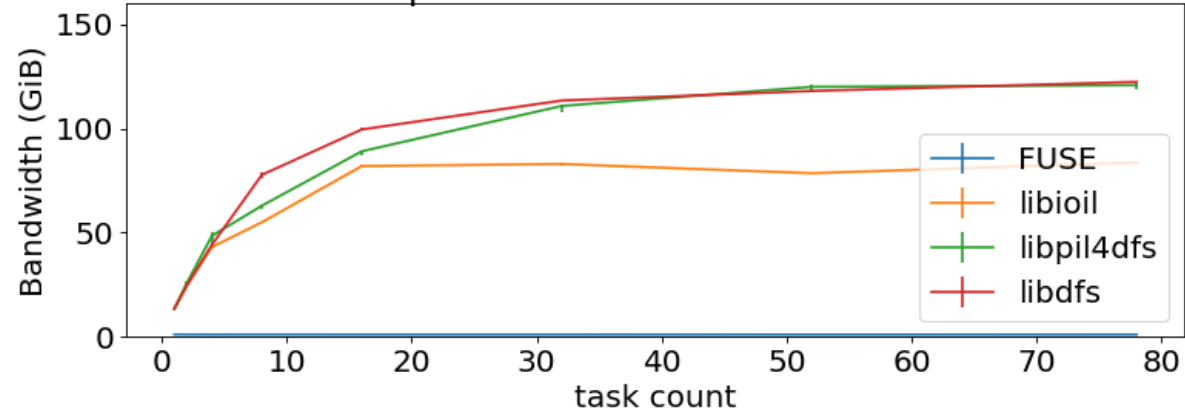
• `mpiexec` # no interception

• `mpiexec --env LD_PRELOAD=/usr/lib64/libpil4dfs.so -no-vni` # using interception

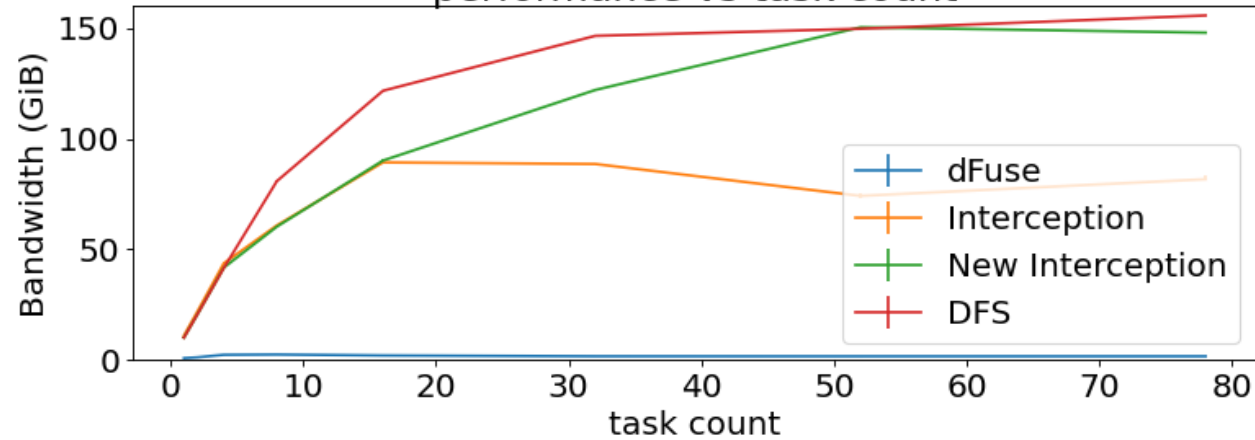
preferred - both metadata and data are intercepted. This provides close to DFS mode performance.



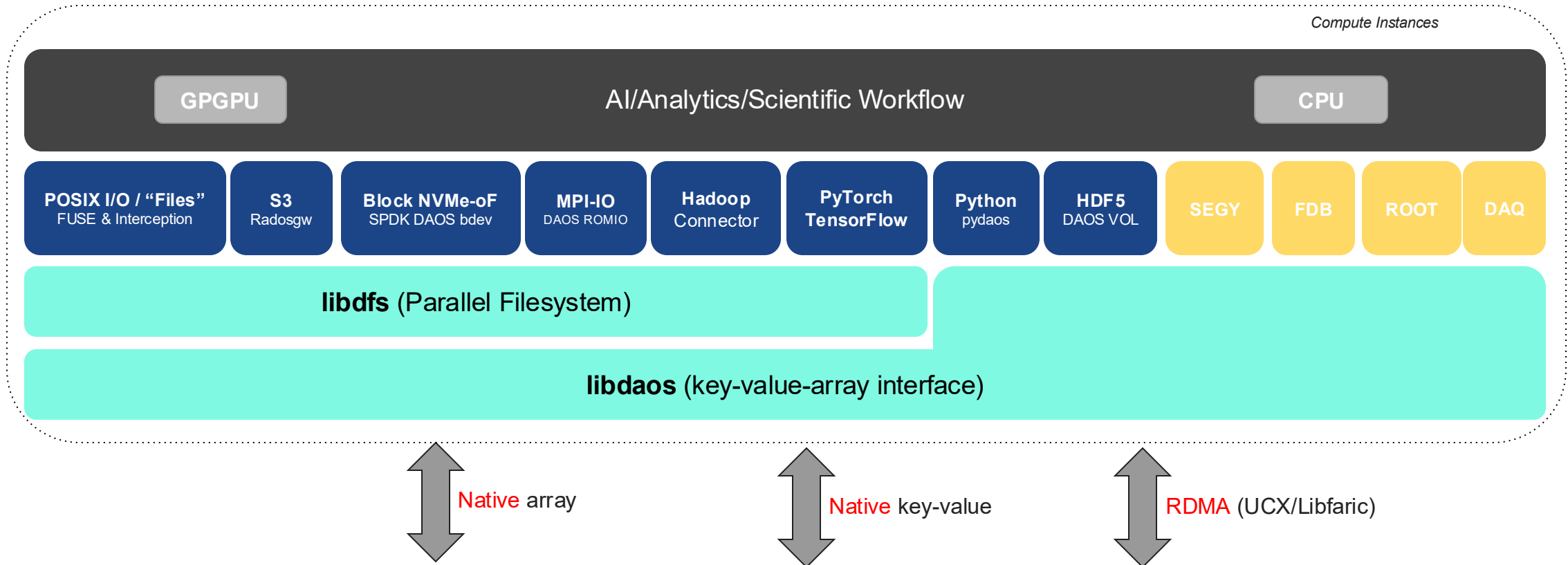
Impact of DAOS interface on IOR single node read performance vs task count



Impact of DAOS interface on IOR single node read performance vs task count



Software Ecosystem



Types of DAOS containers and interfaces

A. Posix Interface

```
>ls /tmp/datascience/kaushik_resnet_dataset_cont/  
train-data/ test-data/ val-data/
```

MPIO and HDF5 users can directly use this interface.

B. DFS interface

Do not pass the full dfuse path /tmp/poolname/containername,
directly start with / and the file or sub dir past /tmp/poolname/containername
/myfile

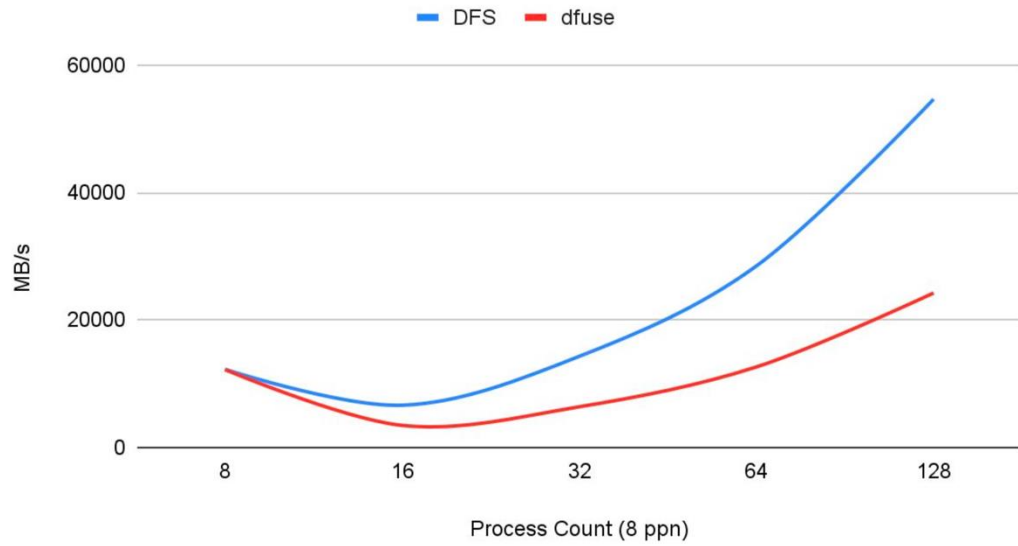
Python PyDAOS interface A/B

```
import pydaos  
import torch as sys_torch  
from pydaos.daos_torch import Dataset as DaosDataset  
from pydaos.daos_torch import Checkpoint as DaosCheckpoint  
from io import BytesIO
```



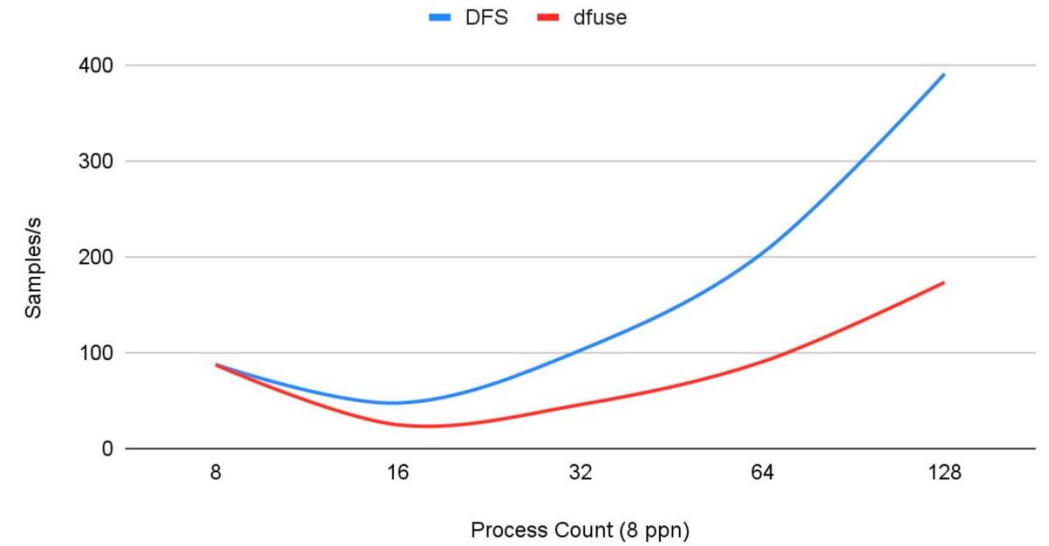
PyTorch DAOS Data Loader Module

Training Throughput (Data Read)



Google

Training Throughput (Samples)

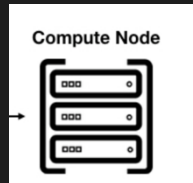


Google


```

5 #PBS -q prod
6 #PBS -k doe
7 #PBS -l filesystems=flare:daos_user
8 #PBS -l daos=daos_user
9 # qsub -l select=512:ncpus=208 -l walltime=01:00:00 -A <ProjectName> -l filesystems=flare:daos_user -l daos=daos_user -q prod ./pbs_script.sh or - I
10
11 module use /soft/modulefiles
12 module load daos
13 DAOS_POOL=datascience
14 DAOS_CONT=thundersvm_exp1
15 daos container create --type POSIX ${DAOS_POOL} ${DAOS_CONT} --properties rd_fac:2
16 launch-dfuse.sh ${DAOS_POOL}:${DAOS_CONT} # To mount on a compute node
17 ls /tmp/${DAOS_POOL}/${DAOS_CONT} #optional for compute node
18
19 # cp /lus/flare/projects/CSC250STDM10_CNDA/kaushik/thundersvm/input_data/real-sim_M100000_K25000_S0.836 /tmp/${DAOS_POOL}/${DAOS_CONT} #one time
20 NNODES=`wc -l < $PBS_NODEFILE`
21 RANKS_PER_NODE=12 # Number of MPI ranks per node
22 NRANKS=$(( NNODES * RANKS_PER_NODE ))
23 echo "NUM_OF_NODES=${NNODES} TOTAL_NUM_RANKS=${NRANKS} RANKS_PER_NODE=${RANKS_PER_NODE}"
24 CPU_BINDING1=list:4:9:14:19:20:25:56:61:66:71:74:79
25
26 export THUN_WS_PROB_SIZE=1024
27 export ZE_FLAT_DEVICE_HIERARCHY=COMPOSITE
28 export AFFINITY_ORDERING=compact
29 export RANKS_PER_TILE=1
30 export PLATFORM_NUM_GPU=6
31 export PLATFORM_NUM_GPU_TILES=2
32
33 date
34 LD_PRELOAD=/usr/lib64/libpil4dfs.so mpiexec -np ${NRANKS} -ppn ${RANKS_PER_NODE} --cpu-bind ${CPU_BINDING1} \
35 | | | | | | | | | | --no-vni -genvall thunder/svm_mpi/run/aurora/wrapper.sh thunder/svm_mpi/build_ws1024/bin/thundersvm-train \
36 | | | | | | | | | | -s 0 -t 2 -g 1 -c 10 -o 1 /tmp/datascience/thunder_1/real-sim_M100000_K25000_S0.836
37 date
38
39 clean-dfuse.sh ${DAOS_POOL}:${DAOS_CONT} #to unmount on compute node
40 |

```



IOR hands on - ls /soft/daos/examples/daos_peak_test/

```
mpiexec --env LD_PRELOAD=/usr/lib64/libpil4dfs.so
        -np ${NRANKS} -ppn ${RANKS_PER_NODE} --cpu-bind ${CPU_BINDING}
        --no-vni -genvall
        ior -a posix
        -i 5 -b 1g -t 2m -D 100 -w -r -C -e -v
        -o /tmp/${DAOS_POOL}/${DAOS_CONT}/io_file.dat
```

```
mpiexec
        -np ${NRANKS} -ppn ${RANKS_PER_NODE} --cpu-bind ${CPU_BINDING}
        --no-vni -genvall
        ior -a DFS --dfs.pool=${DAOS_POOL} --dfs.cont=${DAOS_CONT}
        -i 5 -b 1g -t 2m -D 100 -w -r -C -e -v
        -o /io2.dat
```

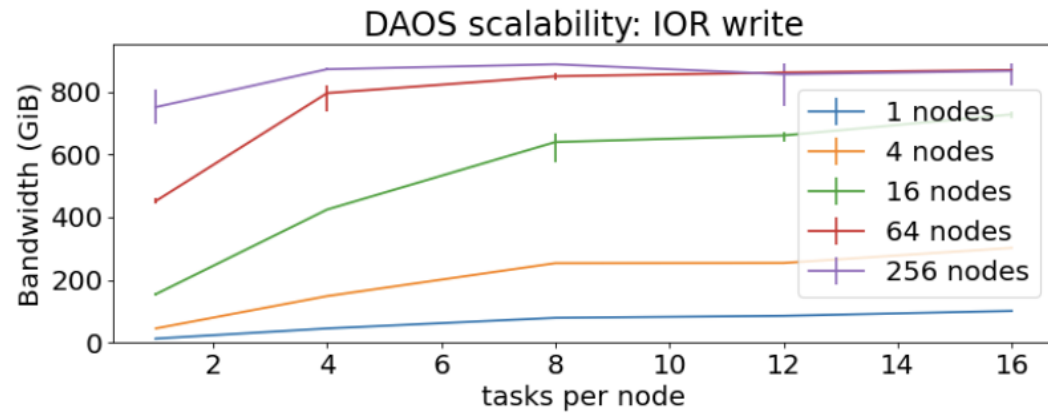
To get peak perf use at least 192 nodes - wall time 5 mins

```
#readme for IOR
# -F file-per-process - No -F is single shared file [This is an I/O Access parameter]
# -c collective I/O [I/O type parameter] with -a mpiio and add daos:/tmp/$DAOS_POOL/$DAOS_CONT/io.dat in -o
# No -c independent I/O [I/O type parameter] with -a posix and just /tmp/$DAOS_POOL/$DAOS_CONT/io.dat in -o
# -C reorderTasksConstant - changes task ordering to n+1 ordering for readback
# -e fsync - perform fsync upon POSIX write close
# -D N deadlineForStonewalling - seconds before stopping write or read phase
# -b N blockSize - contiguous bytes to write per task (e.g.: 8, 4k, 2m, 1g)
# -t N transferSize - size of transfer in bytes (e.g.: 8, 4k, 2m, 1g)
# -i N repetitions - number of repetitions of test
```

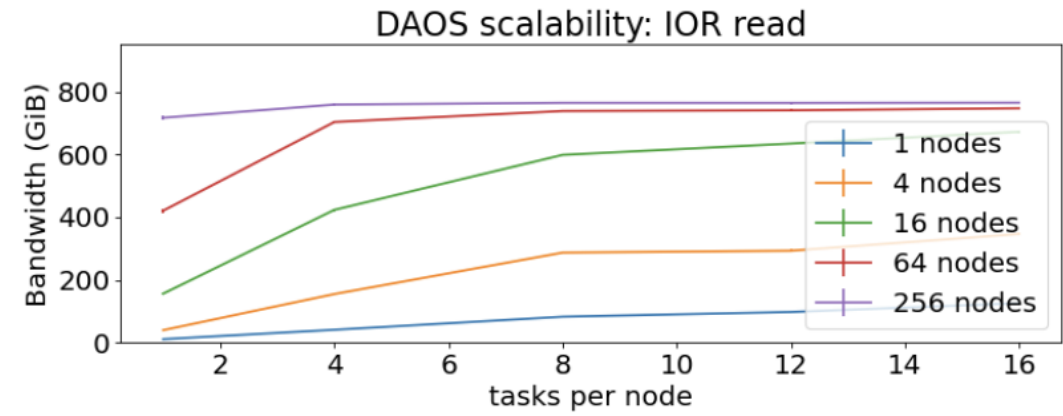
```
IOR_INSTALL=/soft/daos/examples/daos_peak_test/ior_mdtest_install_bin/
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$IOR_INSTALL/lib:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
export PATH=$IOR_INSTALL/bin:$PATH
```

Compute Node



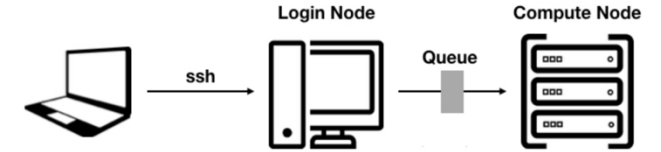


(a) Write



(b) Read

Moving data from lustre to DAOS



```
cp
```

```
/lus/flare/projects/CSC250STDM10_CNDA/kaushik/thundersvm/input_data/real-sim_M100000_K25000_S0.836  
  
/tmp/${DAOS_POOL}/${DAOS_CONT}
```

```
daos filesystem copy
```

```
--src /lus/flare/projects/CSC250STDM10_CNDA/kaushik/thundersvm/input_data/real-sim_M100000_K25000_S0.836  
--dst daos://${DAOS_POOL}/${DAOS_CONT}/path_starting_from_within_container/  
# mounting not required here
```



Bonus! Distributed Data mover tools

```
kaushikvelusamy@x4210c6s0b0n0:/soft/daos/mpifileutils/bin> ls
dbcast dbz2 dchmod dcmp dcp dcp1 ddup dfilemaker1 dfind dreln drm dstripe dsync dtar dwalk
```

Parallel copy (splitting both large dirs/files) using DAOS-aware mpiFileUtils

```
kaushikvelusamy@x4210c6s0b0n0:/tmp> mpiexec --env LD_PRELOAD=/usr/lib64/libpil4dfs.so -np 16 -ppn 16 --cpu-bind
list:4:5:6:7:8:9:10:11:56:57:58:59:60:61:62:63 /soft/daos/mpifileutils/bin/dcp source/ /tmp/datascience/1_fSX_dS1_rd_fac_0/
[2025-05-17T04:08:39] Walking /tmp/source
[2025-05-17T04:08:39] Walked 11 items in 0.002 secs (5838.681 items/sec) ...
[2025-05-17T04:08:39] Walked 11 items in 0.002 seconds (4502.556 items/sec)
[2025-05-17T04:08:39] Copying to /tmp/datascience/1_fSX_dS1_rd_fac_0
[2025-05-17T04:08:39] Items: 11
[2025-05-17T04:08:39]   Directories: 1
[2025-05-17T04:08:39]   Files: 10
[2025-05-17T04:08:39]   Links: 0
[2025-05-17T04:08:39] Data: 200.000 GiB (20.000 GiB per file)
[2025-05-17T04:08:45] Copy data: 200.000 GiB (214748364800 bytes)
[2025-05-17T04:08:45] Copy rate: 38.088 GiB/s (214748364800 bytes in 5.251 seconds)
[2025-05-17T04:08:45] Fixing permissions.
[2025-05-17T04:08:45] Updated 11 items in 0.001 seconds (7689.630 items/sec)
[2025-05-17T04:08:45] Syncing directory updates to disk.
[2025-05-17T04:08:45] Sync completed in 0.002 seconds.
[2025-05-17T04:08:45] Started: May-17-2025,04:08:39
[2025-05-17T04:08:45] Completed: May-17-2025,04:08:45
[2025-05-17T04:08:45] Seconds: 5.299
[2025-05-17T04:08:45] Items: 11
[2025-05-17T04:08:45]   Directories: 1
[2025-05-17T04:08:45]   Files: 10
[2025-05-17T04:08:45]   Links: 0
[2025-05-17T04:08:45] Data: 200.000 GiB (214748364800 bytes)
[2025-05-17T04:08:45] Rate: 37.744 GiB/s (214748364800 bytes in 5.299 seconds)
```

Compute Node

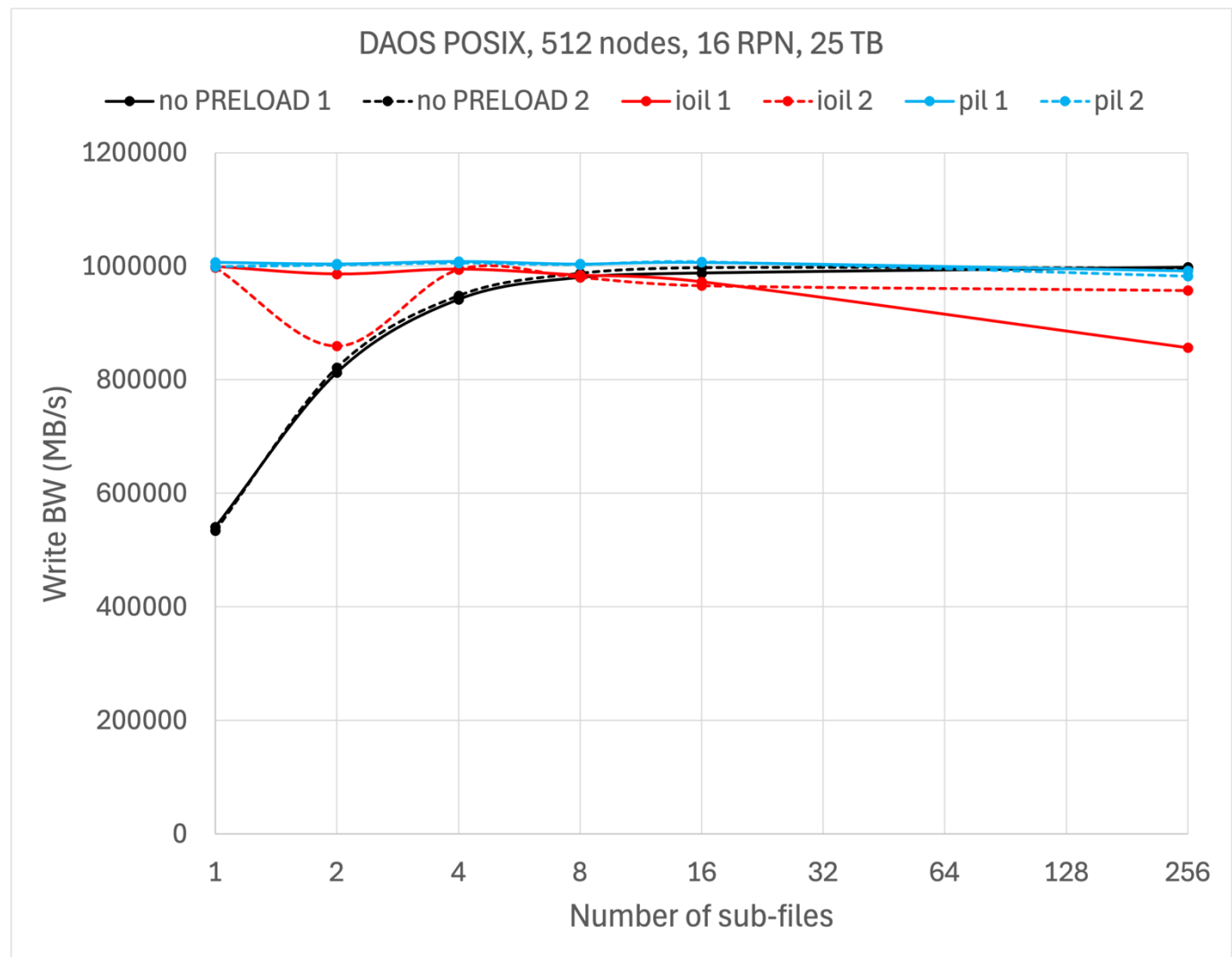


What makes DAOS different from Lustre and other file systems?

Enabling extreme scalability, performance and application integration for specific use cases



- Distributed key-value store / Versioned byte-granular I/Os
- No synchronous read-modify-write / No locking
- End-to-end in user space / No kernel code
- No centralized metadata servers / No global object table
- End-user managed snapshots / Self-healing data protection
- Multi-tenant storage pooling / Fine-grained access control
- Rich client software ecosystem (e.g. TensorFlow / PyTorch)



DAOS Foundation



Reference

- <https://docs.alcf.anl.gov/aurora/data-management/daos/daos-overview/>
- <https://docs.alcf.anl.gov/aurora/data-management/daos/daos-overview/#best-practices>



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-
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